The two fine Volunteer Companies of our City

are fully organized, and will soon march to the

"By angel hands to valor given,

"Forever float that standard sheet!
Where bleathes the foe that stands before us,

Messrs. Elitors: As the General Assembly of

Virginia is about to convene, it will become their

duty to elect a United States Senator for the State

Virginia has a noble Captain-one that has

breasted the storm in many a noble contest-one,

whose voice has often been heard from the moun-

cratic Republican! The time has come when

gle of 1848! Democrats of Virginia! recollect

what the People will expect in the coming Sena-

torial Election! The Democratic People of Vir

ginia will demand of their Representatives that they will elect a Senator who has appeared in

Congress, and who has stood firm by their prin-ciples! I reter to the Honorable William Smith!

lightning's flash, and firm as books of steel

e is calculated to grace the Senatorial Chair

life, to his opponents, than William Smith! Jus-

tice will be the honorable and ruling passion of

he went through in 1840-nor the high praise

power of his speeches—nor the noble defence of the principles of the Democratic Party! He en-

tered the canvass, sword in hand! He never slept at his post! He wielded the sling of David,

and slew the Goliah of Whiggery (William C

Rives) in fair and honorable political discussion! Few men can do so much to unite the Democratic

forces as this distinguished man can, by using his

great influence amongst the members of the next

Congress! His great calmness and prudence-

Richmond, December 31, 1846.

SENATORIAL ELECTION.

SHENANDOAH DISTRICT.

238

100

221

Williams supposed to be elected.

that no opposition would be made to the occupa-

tion of that city by the American arms. Gen. Worth had been instructed to advance, at the

MoncLova.—This place is also in the hands of

our army, Gen. Wool's division having met with the same fortune as Col. Doniphan's. They marched into Monciova on the 30th of October.— General Lopez, Governor of Monciova, and a

drd and four miles, in eleven marching days— H: had eighty days' subsistence on hand, and wis in daily expectation of being able to open a communication with General Taylor, for future

sistance.

his great knowledge of mankind-his superior

which his opponents paid to his talents-

and his laborious habits, make him

Tirginia wants her best and most talented sons to take the field, and lead them on in the great strug-

With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's Basner waving o'er us?"

would make each man exclaim,

Though green at noon, cut down at night, Shows thy decay; All flesh is hay. Thus think, and smoke tobacco. The pipe, so lily-like and weak, Does thy mortal state bespeak. Thou art e'en such, Gone with a touch Thus think, and smoke tobacco.

And when the smoke ascends on high, Then thou behold'st the vanity Of worldly stuff, Gone, with a puff. Thus think, and smoke tobacco. And when the pipe grows foul within, Think on thy soul defiled with sin; It doth require. Thus think, and smoke tobacco.

And see'st the ashes cast away-Then to thyself thou mayest say, That to the dust Return thou must. Thus think, and smoke tobacco PART II. Was this small plant for thee cut down? So was the plant of Great Renown,

Which mercy sends For nobler ends. Thus think, and smoke tobacco. Doth juice medicinal proceed From such a naughty foreign weed ?
Then what's the power Of Jesse's flower?

Thus think, and smoke tobacco. The promise, like the pipe, inlays, And, by the mouth of faith, conveys What vittne flows Thus think, and smoke tobacco.

In vain the unlighted pipe you blow; Your pains in outward means are so; Till heavenly fire Your heart inspire Thus think, and smoke tobacco. The smoke, like burning incense, towers, should a praying heart of yours,

With ardent cries, Surmount the skies. Thus think, and smoke tobacco. Glasgow, September, 1812.

MISCELLANEOUS. GEN. LA VEGA'S DEPARTURE. We learn (says the New Orleans Delta, Nov. 27,) by La Patria, of yesterday, that Gen. La Vega, previous to leaving for Havana, addressed the following note to the public. From the above

paper we translate: FAREWELL.-Finding myself at perfect li berty, and at the moment of my return to my be-loved country, I deem it to be my day to make a public manifestation of the grateful feelings which I entertain for the repeated demonstrations of respect and kindness which, in connection with my companions in misfortune, I have received from all those persons to whom I have been united by ties of friendship.

In bidding adieu to my friends and the citizen generally, I have the pleasure of doing so over-whelmed with gratitude for the many indications of respect which have been shown to me, and of assuring them all, that, although I may be far from this country, I will never forget the kint treatment with which I have been honored, nor the gratitude I owe to all those persons who have

contributed to lessen the bitterness of the situation in which I was placed. A sacred duty demands my immediate return to my native land, where I will arcently cherish the hope of meeting with an opportunity of re-aponding to the many manifestations of esteem which have been extended to me by my numerous friends-confining myself for the present to the purpose of expressing, through the medium of this paper, the eternal gratitude of my brother officers and myself, and of tendering our sincer thanks for the many disinterested acts of kind ness which have been shown us.
ROMULO DIAZ DE LA VEGA.

New Orleans, Nov. 25, 1846. Gen. Kearncy, now in commund in Mexico, supthe State of New York .- He eutered the United States Army early in the year 1812, before the declaration of war against Eng-land, as 1st Lieutenant of the 13th Regiment U. S. Infantry, of which the writer was surgeon.-Lieut. Kearney was engaged in the hard fough battle on Queenston heights, Upper Canada, the 13th October, 1812. He and the writer crossed over the Niagara river, from Lewiston, in the morning of that day, before daylight, in one of the first boats, and, atter some difficulty and opposition from the enemy's Dre, we tanded on the Dritish shore, at the foot of the heights. After a server conflict our gallant men cantured the place early in the day. Being re-inforced by regulars, militia, and Indians, the enemy resumed the fight in the atternoon, and, after a hot battle, our brave

men were taken prisoners, Lieut. Kearney among distinguished relative, who was a British subject and resident there, to come and make his house his home The young American declined the latter offer, on the ground that he was determined to fare like his brother prisoners, and no better.—
He of course called to see the Englishman and his lamily. This gentieman was a descendant of Bir William Johnson, once a resident of the colony of New York, in what is now known as Mont-

gomery county.

Lieutenant Kearney, in a few months, was exchanged, and soon alterwards entered on duty.— He was promoted to a Captain in his own regiment, the 1st April, 1813, in which capacity he served his country, with honor and credit to himself, to the close of the war.

In the new organization of the army, called the peace establishment, he was retained a cap-

tain. From this time, he rose in rank and use-fulness; and in the spring of 1833, when the wrione of the finest and most efficient corps, whilst under his command, in the army. Having the writer has no hesitation in saying, that he possesses, in his opinion, those qualities of mind,

required in a General and Governor.

He is uniformly cool and determined, as well as sound in judgment, and withal, just and prudent. Always dignified and gentlemanly in his bearing. The government and the nation, may rest assured, that he will do his duty. M. [Utica, N. Y., Observer.

FUNDS FOR THE VOLUNTEERS .- The common council of New York have appropriated \$1,000 to meet the expenses of organizing the re-giment of volunteers for Mexico. In Philadel phia a large sum will be raised by contributions

timore correspondent of the Union) brings no-thing of special interest. The great dinner to Daniel Webster at Philadelphia last night, (Wednesday,) is reported to have been a grand affair. He commenced speaking at 6 o'clock, and did not cease until nearly 12, having continued on the floor nearly six hours. He spoke principally in opposition to the Administration, confining himself to the political topics of the day. Fifteen hundred ladies occupied the galleries of

steamer Atlantic is now said to be 45.

of course, be far more precise and accurate. It any demonstration is to be made against Vera Cruz, the gun-cotton would be precisely "the thing" for the Castle of San Juan d'Ulloa. Speaking of the Castle of San Juan d'Ulloa, I

must not forget to inform you, (says the Washing-ton correspondent of the Baltimore Sun,) that Com-modore Stewart, vulgo "Old Itonsides," has come down here and has made his bow at the Navv Department. He has probably by this time (3 o'c'ock, P. M.,) called on the President. I think Commodore Stewart will follow Major General Scott in his movement down South.

If Major General Scott went down South so

soon, it was probably in consequence of the ta-king of Tampico by the fleet under Commodore Conner. But he and Com. Stewart will now act together, and you may rely on it, "that Castle down there" will now be seriously troubled.—

THE FARMER AND MANUFACTURER. FIGURES, FACTS AND FAIR PLAY.-The turn FIGURES, FACTS AND FAIR PLAY.—The turn of the farmer is now coming about, if he will but stick to the new Tariff. The manufacturers have had great chances in the last twenty years. They are now well established in all the staple manufactures, and, if they will only let well enough alone, can continue to derive more profit from capital invested in that branch than in any other. They have their form and fifty per cent. other. They have their torty and fifty per cent. protection; and this, with the skill and experience

protection; and this, with the skill and experience they have, is ample to give them all reasonable profits. We rejoice in their prosperity as it has been, and as it will continue. We go for their interest to the whole extent that it can go consistent with the equal interests of all classes.

But we rejoice that the farmer, at last, has got a little chance. The reduction of Taylift in Formal But we rejoice that the farmer, at last, has got a little chance. The reduction of Tariffs in England and the United States, has increased the value of the farmer's stock at least one hundred and seventy millions, and this, too, in his own hands, before it has been bought up by the speculators.— Who will grieve over the success of the farmers? before any attempt be made to modify its provi-For twenty years the farmer has hardly real-sions. It is based upon solid and reasonable ized four per cent. on his capital! The manufacturer complains that he cannot get forty per cent.! Now, if it were necessary to bring the manufacturer down to ten per cent., in order to raise the farmer to ten per cent., would it be any thing but fair? The farmers of the United States are as eighty-three out of one hundred of the po-pulation; the manufacturers but as seventeen in an hundred, including all handicraft. It would be The one hundred and seventy millions increase of the property of the farmers will mainly go to our tabrics. The tarmer will increase his consumption of manufactures in proportion to his increase of means, while the manufacturer cannot increase his consumption of the farmer's products, under a high Tariff, to any great extent,

for the simple reason, that manufacturers are but men, and can eat no more than other men. And as to this dogma of the home market to onsume the farmer's products, it is as idle as it would be for the Boston water commissioners to establish a protective system to encourage the settlement of ants along the line of the Long Pond aqueduct, to remove the earth that has got to be excavated! Here are five hundred millions of bushels of bread-stuffs raised beyond all that can he eaten in the United States, if every man, woman and child, should gorge twenty bushels a year, including the 791,000 manufacturers! And how, after eating twenty bushels apiece, are they going to swallow the five hundred millions of

Overplus?

And, then, as to the increase of the mouths of manufacturers to consume the farmer's products in a home market. From 1820 to 1840, the whole change of relative employment in the United States has been only a decrease of three and a quarter per cent. in agriculture and commerce, and an increase to that extent in manufactures, so that there are only three in one hundred more mouths now to help the tarmers consume, than here were twenty years ago; and how long will it take, at this rate, to cat up the surplus produce n a "home market." Hence we see that, even if an exclusive home

market were profitable to the manufacturer, it is death to the farmer.

Nor will it do to say that we can have free rade with Europe in grain and still keep her out of our markets; because she can't buy of us, if we won't buy of her, and the farmer's produce must rot here, and the millions in Europe starve first, unless it can be paid for in some of the products of European industry.

And thus we see the enormous extent of the

demand the protectionists make, when they in-sist upon a "home market" at such cost. minded men ought to look at, when they hear the cry of "protection" and "home market."

From 1821 to 1841 the whole imports into the United States amounted \$2,214,258,719. The Here is a little table of statistics which fair

gross duties taxed on them were \$536,346,166.
So that, in addition to the cost of the articles landed here, the people who consumed them paid one quarter more on this portion of what they consumed. It this were for revenue to pay expenses of government, it was all well enough. But it is also estimated from the best data, that, during that period, the amount of domestic ma-nufactures was three times the amount imported,

making the whole amount of domestic and imported in twenty years \$8,857,034,786. Now, the lowest estimate that can be made of the enhanced price of articles by reason of the tax upon their the cost. It follows, then, that in twenty years, the farmers and other interests have paid to the manufacturers, by way of protection, \$1,072,144,-This is the secret of the depression of the agri-cultural States, and the wealth of the manufac-turing States under high Tariffs; and, now, ought the latter to complain if there is more equaliza-tion between them, under the Tariff?

in the long run, because, if he sells cheaper, he will sell more and make more, for the reason that the agricultural sections, which are his great bone market, will be able to buy more, and pay for what they buy, and the demand for manufac-

turing labor will increase.

In addition to this, the merchant and shipper and ship-builder, and all the mechanical and other incresss connected with commerce, are to derive immense benefits from the effects of these reciprocal tariffs. Mr. Webster admitted in the United States Senate that there will be forty millions more to be sent to Europe, and forty millions to pay for it to be brought back; and if so, extensive iron and steel manufactory in that city. here is the vast field opened for commerce and ship-building; and is that nothing in the estimate

engaged in commerce; and now shall these be over taxed for the smallest class as under the old tariff, or shall they have the profits of the free commerce which will go to enrich them and still leave the manufacturer well enough off under the new tariff?- [Boston Post.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION. THURSDAY, December 3, 1846. library, made an able and interesting report,

Mr. Breese, made yesterday, to reconsider the vote agreeing to the resolution, by which a portion of the public ground b loging to the U. States | genial influence upon our domestic welfare, | was selected for the building of the institution, and | we see in the propagation of the principles decided in the negative. So the resolution stands

M. to-morrow.-[Union.

from this county to use his best exertions to pro-cure an act of incorporation for the building of a Rail Road as resolved upon by the said Conven-

[From the Richmond Va. Republican, Whig.] There is no more gratifying fact connected with which, in Massachusetts, they exculpate the Whigs from the charge of coalition with the Abolitionists, and, in the Empire State, show a sound and healthful state of public sentiment in regard to the extension of suffrage to the black popula-

[Resolve of the Massachusetts Whig Convention.]

which was read.
Professor Joseph Henry, of Princeton, New Jersey, was then elected secretary of the institu-

The Board adjourned to meet at 10 o'clock, A.

RAILROAD MEETING. At a meeting of the citizens of Taylor county, at the Court-house, on Monday the 23d Nov. 1846, (court day) to take into consideration the proceedings of the Rail Road Convention held in Weston in Sept. last, Col. Thomas Cather was called to the Chair, and Chas. W. Newion aping together the fruits of mind and labor for the

Resolved, That this meeting fully approves and ratifies the proceedings of the Rail Road Convention held in Weston in Sept. last, and respectfully requests the delegate to the General Assembly

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting is to oppose the march of mind, the see signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the Clarksburg papers and Richmond Enquirer and Republican, and be laid beautiful to the control of the fore the Legislature by the delegate from this

county.

The meeting was then addressed by Edward J.
Armstrong, Frederick Burdett, Col. Cather and
Chas. W. Newlon, after which, the said resolutions were unanimously adopted. THOS. CATHER, Ch'n.

C. W. NEWLON, Sec'y. WHIGGERY ILLUSTRATED.

THE ENQUIRER. RICHMOND, VA.

Saturday Morning, December 5, 1846.

TEA AND COFFEE. The President, we doubt not, will, in his Message, take bold ground upon the Tariff. He is not the man to flinch from his maturely considered opinions in favor of revenue duties, but, above all, when he sees that they are destined to benefit the patien and all elegent and the horner. benefit the nation and all classes, and to harmonize the interests of all sections. As a general system, then, we may look upon the Tariff of 1846 as the real policy of the country. At all events, we feel assured that the President and Congress will stand by it and give it a fair trial, before any attempt be made to modify its provigrounds, and while it may not fully come up to the views or wishes of the revenue Tariff men, it substantially meets their objects, and may be re-

garded as a compromise measure, which ought not to be lightly or hastily interfered with.

But we have been forced into a war with an insolent and demented foe. We have already expended much, and shall have to appropriate still more money, before peace shall be obtained. To better to make the eighty-three prosper than the seventeen, if we must choose. But it is not so more money, before peace shall be obtained. To more money, before peace shall be obtained. To meet this extraordinary demand, Congress will left the friends of the Old Democratic Party doubtless, be called upon by the President to levy want a statesman of firm and tried devotion to buy the goods of the manufacturer. The wealth obtained the goods of the manufacturer. The wealth of the West will come to the East in exchange for of the West will come to the East in exchange for a war duty upon Tea and Coffee. A patriotic new comercial to the Democracy! They want no hair-splitter, or of the West will come to the East in exchange for a war duty upon Tea and Coffee. A patriotic new comercial to the Democracy! people will cheerfully meet this new tax, to sustain new comer to lead them to the field of battlel the credit of the country, at a moment when war is upon our borders. They will willingly support such a tax, because it will be entirely for reve- tains to the sea-shore-from the East to the Westnue, and the whole proceeds will go into the Treasury, instead of paying a heavy bounty to a small class of monopolists, as is the case with duties upon articles manufactured in this country. that may be relied upon in the hour of trial-one For these reasons, a duty upon tea and coffee will fall equally and justly upon all—it will contribute revenue into the public Treasury and not The time has arrived when it becomes Virginia burthen the great interests of the nation for an to place in the Senate a man of true and tried devotion to the whole Democracy—one that will be burthen the great interests of the nation for an ving "protection" to the manufacturers.

Let us, now, look at the productiveness of a Let us, now, look at the productiveness of a light duty on tea and coffee. The value of our imports for the year ending 30th June, 1845, was in

6.221,271

A tax of 20 per cent, would have produced the handsome addition to the revenue of \$2,390,357. And even a duty of 10 per cent, would have brought in \$1,195,178. But since that period the imports must have greatly increased, and a similar duty now would add much to the revenue.

Never will I forget the great ability which he dis played while in Congress! His quick penetration, We can see no reasonable objection to such a duty. The Tariff monopolists had no scruples fied for the duties of Senator. Amiable in his temper, conciliatory in his manners, quick as the in taxing the poor men's sugar, salt, iron, woollens and cottons from 50 to 200 per cent-because two thirds of this heavy burthen went to swell the profits of the manufacturers. With what face, then, can they complain of the imposition of the of the West, of the North or of the South! His friends will place his claims before the whole Democratic Party! He will know no Clique! moderate duty of 20 per cent, on his ten and coffee? In the latter case the revenue would be a His enlarged views of Government will never let him forget that his honorable opponents are entitax to that amount, and no more-for, tea and tled to as equal justice as his political friends! No man can affirm that any member could be more kind and respectful, in political and private

taxes for their own benefit. It is time, now, that a new system be adopted, and that taxes be im- his great mind! Never shall I forget the canvass posed solely for the benefit of the National Treasury. By such a system, the public interests will be advanced, and the cause of morals and regular, honest trade be promoted,

IRON FOUNDRY .- "Messrs. Parker and Company have in operation in this place an Iron Foundry, for the purpose of manufacturing all kinds of Ironcastings. A part of this operation is performed by a steam engine. We were present a few days since during the operation of the blasting, when the proprietors kindly explained to us the whole process. We are glad that these us the whole process. fallacions, for here we have an iron establish-ment just set up in a county where neither iron nor coal is to be found; both of these articles are transported hither, the one from Botetouri and the other from Kittimon, the coal coating \$10.50 per ton delivered at the Foundry.

[Charlotteswille Jeffersonian.

Here is another proof, that the new Tariff has exerted no bad effect upon the iron interest, which, the Tariffites would have us believe, is the most delicately sensitive of all the American manufactures. In addition to the above strong testiextensive iron and steel manufactory in that city, Page, acknowledges that the "protection" under the Taof national wealth and national prosperity?

The summing up is just this. The censure gives 791,500 manulacturers in the U. States.—
They cry out against the new Tariff, though it still protects them nearly fifty per cent. But there are 3,700,000 farmers, and 196,600 per cent. But there are 3,700,000 farmers, and now shall these here. riff of 1846 is sufficient for his purposes, and he to the injurious effects of the new Tariff.

ration. That it will be attended with beneficial Mr. Choate, from the committee appointed at the last meeting in relation to the formation of a confidence. That it will harmonize the various melled by partial legislation, to pursue its naural channels and develope its true resour-liberty to re-commence hostilities. Major G. ces, we cannot doubt. But, in addition to its found no troops in Saltillo, and was informed of Free Trade the dawn of a new era of civi-head of the 2d Division, to take possession, and it was General Taylor's intention to accompany course between nations. It has been said, that our important Southern staple, cotton, is the great page of page throughout the world. With James Neeson, Esq., explained the object of the meeting, whereupon Wm. Reynolds, after a few appropriate remarks, offered the following resolutions of one another, cementing the bonds of customs of one another, cementing the bonds of peace and good will, and conferring alike physiwith how much more truth may it be said, we repeat, that this happy condition of affairs will spread the blessings of universal peace and felspread the blessings of universal peace and fel-lowship! Free Trade will carry in its train all these desirable results; and to resist its progress Is to oppose the march of mind, the spread of inis to oppose the march of mind, the spread of in-

has been cast, and we have now in operation a liberal system, upon which the Democratic party have staked themselves. Time will show the mischief or the wisdom of the Democratic policy. Thus far good has followed in the track of the new Tariff. The number of manufacturing establishments has increased, and is increasing, under most flourishing auspices. The farmers are enjoying a handsome return for their labor, the protected monopolists. While they receive life. The new Democratic policy is launched upon a smooth and prosperous sea. We have every confidence, that it will move on safely and successfully, in spite of the gloomy prophe-Canner. But he and Com. Stewart will now act together, and you may rely on it, "that Castle does Asters" will now be seriously troubled. The the liberty (Abolition) party since to few Whig, and agrees with the Whig on all national political questions, and the will dismember Mexico.

The Rev. Dr. Atmstrong, lost by the wreck of the Adantic, has left a wife and twe children, the cleast sizeren years of age, and the your great varies of age, and they one cleast sizeren years of age, and they one

AUCTION SALES.

By virtue of a deed of trust made by Richard S. Ellis, in which Thomas II. Ellis and Champe Carter are constituted Trustees, hearing date the 3d August, 1835, and recorded in the Clerk's office of the county of Amherst, made to secure the payment of the debt therein specified, the undersigned, Champe Carter, with the assent and approval of the said Thomas H. Ellis, will, upon the 21st day of DECEMBER, 1846, If fair, and. If not, on the next fair day, (the saie to be continued from day to day, until completed,) at Pedlar Mills, in the county of Amherst, sell at public auction, to the highest hidder, for cash, a Tract of Land, situate in the county of Amherst, and described in said deed of trust as containing two hundred and eighty-eight acres, adjoining the lands of Edward Tinsley and others.

Also, another Tract, also situate in said county, and described in said deed as containing two hundred and eighty-odd acres, adjoining the lands of Beverly Davies and others.

Also, another Tract of Land, described in said deed as containing four or five hundred acres, situated in the county of Amherst—purchased by Richard S. Ellis of John Hogg's heirs—adjoining the lands of Martin N. Dawson and others.

Also, another Tract of Land, lying in the said county of Amherst, and described in said deed as containing one hundred and fifteen acres, purchased by said Richard S. Ellis of John Hogg, adjoining the lands of Samuel Niceley's heirs and others.

Also, another Tract of Land, in the said county of Amherst, and described in and deed as containing two hundred and eighty-odd acres, purchased by said Richard S. Ellis of Lindsey Burks, adjoining the lands of Talbot Noel and others.

And, by virtue of another deed of trust, made by the same Richard S. Ellis of Hong and deed as containing from day to duy recorded in the Clerk's office of the said county of Amherst, in which Thomas H. Ellis, Charles Ellis, wall, at the same time and place, if fair, and, if not, the next fair day, (the sale to continue from day to duy, until the sale Sale of Land and Negroes. Seat of War. Let them take with them some bright memorial, to fill them with agreeable associations of home, and to animate them to noble and gallant conduct. We commend to our ladies the following appeal of the Petersburg Intelligencer to the fair ones of the "Little Cockade:" "THE LADIES AND THE VOLUN-

brought together, in so short a time, our band of Volunteers. The suggestion, we know, will be promptly heeded. A Banner

S. Ellis of John Burks, and lying on the South waters of Pedlar river.

Also, another Tract of Land, lying and being in the said county of Amherst, and described in said deed as containing one hundred and forty-one and three quarter acres, lying on the South waters of Pedlar river, and purchased by said Richard S. Ellis of Saml. Burks, (son of Charles), adjoining the lands of the Estate of Johna S. Ellis and others.

Also, another Tract of Land, in the said county of Amherst, described in said deed as containing fifty acres, purchased by said Richard S. Ellis of Charles Burks.

Also, another Tract of Land, in said county described. one that has never taltered in his heroic devotion to the noble and cherished principles of Jefferson and of Jackson! Virginia ought to have a re-liable Senator in the United States Senate—one

Also, another Tract of Land, in said county, described a true sentinel on the watch tower—one that will never dodge or shrink back for fear of injuring

son and Jefferson ever contended for, and which ought ever to be held sacred by every true Demo-

acres, purchased by said Richard S. Ellis of Charles Burks.

Also, another Tract of Land, in said county, described in said deed as containing ninety-eight acres, purchased by said Richard S. Ellis of Joshua S. Ellis.

Also, another Tract or Farcel of Land, situate in said county, and described in said deed as containing sixty acres, being the "Mill Tract," including the Pediar Mills. Tannery, &c., &c., excepting the Store House and Blacksmith's Shop.

Also, another Tract of Land, situated in the said county of Amherst, and described in said deed as containing two hundred acres called the "Church Tract," adjoining the lands of Burks and others, purchased by said Richard S. Ellis of John Burks

Also, several Parcels of Land, described in said deed as containing—acres, tying on the Blue Ridge and its vicinity, in the county of Amherst, adjoining the lands of Sledd's heirs, Jesse Richeson and others.

Also, a Lot in the town of Bethel, in said county, described as the "Store House;" also, one described as the "Lumber House;" and another described as the "White House;" and two vacant unimproved Lots in said town.

Also, another Tract of Land, situate in said county, described in said deed by the name of the "Red Hill," or "Mansion House Tract," containing two hundred and twelve acres and three quarters of an acre, which latter tract of 1 and, will be soid subject to the life estate of Mrs. Emily H. Ellis, widow and relict of the said Richard S. Ellis of J. M. Martin, known by the name of "Hartless' Tract," adjoining the lands of John Flood and others.

Also, two hundred acres of Land, situated in said county of Amherst, recovered by said Richard S. Ellis of J. M. Martin, known by the name of "Hartless' Tract," adjoining the lands of John Flood and others.

Also, two hundred acres of Land, situated in said county of Amherst, recovered by said Richard S. Ellis of J. M. Martin, known by the name of "Hartless' Tract," adjoining the lands of John Flood and others.

Also, the following Negro Slaves: Shadrack, Joicey, Jos oining the lands of Samuel Spencer and others.

Also, the interest of the said Richard S. Ellis in and Also, the interest of the said Richard S. Ellis in another Tract of Land, in said county, supposed to contain two hundred acres, and believed to be patented in the names of the said Richard S. Ellis and Josiah Ellis. In all the said property, such interest, right and title will be sold as the Trustees may lawfully and property sell under the authority of said several deeds of trust.—And at the same time that the said Champe Carter is fully authorized to make the said. Champe Carter is fully authorized to make the said. Trustees, Thomas H Ellis and Charles Ellis, will unite in the deeds, so as to invest the purchasers with the legal title; but the Trustees will make no warranty of title creating any responsibility upon them individually.

All persons desiring to buy are requested to apply to Mr. Champe Carter for information as to the lands now

All persons desiring to buy are requested to apply to Mr. Champe Carter for information as to the lands now advertised. And the public are respectfully invited to attend the sale, as the property is of considerable value, and will be sold without reserve.

If a credit should be desired by the purchasers of the Real Estate, the terms will be agreed on on the day of sale. CHAMPE CARTER, Trustee, &c.

Pediar Mills, Amherst county, Va.

The above advertisement is made with our assent.

THOMAS II. ELLIS,

talents, and his business habits, all qualify him, as the man of all others, to head all sectional jea-lousies and divisions that may arise! His high A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. dency; but in no instance can be support any but the regular nominee of the National Convention! If his choice be not the nominee, he will cordially and warmly support the selected candidate! In thus briefly presenting the claims of this disteel that I am unable to do him justice. All that his claims upon the Democracy
A DEMOCRAT.

POSTSCRIPT.—If the above Land should not be sold privately before THURSDAY, the 17th day of December ensuing, it will on that day be sold at public auction on the premises.

Nov. 27—ctds

Hardy and Warren to be heard from. Not one fourth of the votes polled. A cold, blustering SALE OF SLAVES, STOCK, &c.

Will be offered for sale, at South Wales, near Tay
loraville, in the county of Hanover, on MONDAY,
the 21st December, if fair, if not, the next fair day,
about twenty valuable SLAVES—among which are a
Blacksmith, a Plantation Carpenter and Shoemaker,
several excellent field hands, and some women and
children. They are the selected negroes of a large estate. Also, the stock of horses and mules, cuttle, sheep
and hogs, among which are a pen that will be very fat;
the straw, folder, shucks, &c., and the usual variety of
plantation implements. The cattle are narticularly deplantation implements. The cattle are narticularly de-ARRIVAL OF THE McKIM.
ADVANCE ON SALTILLO.
CHIHCAHUA IN OUR POSSESSION.
TROOPS DISPATCHED TO TAMPICO.
The steamship McKim, Capt. Peck, (says the New Orleans Commercial Times) arrived here late last evening, from Brazos, which she lett on the 23d inst., bringing Majors McLane and Graham, bearers of despatches from Gen. Taylor, and Cawl. G. T. M. Davis, bearer of despatches the straw, folder, shucks. &c., and the usual variety of plantation implements. The cattle are particularly deserving of attention.

The Terms of sale will be—For the slaves, cash; for the rest of the property, for all sums over \$10, a credit of 9 months, the purchaser giving bond and approved security; under \$10, cash.

Nov 27—ctds

WM. F. WICKHAM from Gen. Wool on their way to Washington.
We learn that Maj. Graham had, previously
to his departure from Monterey, on his present mission, been despatched by Gen. Taylor to Sal-tillo, with a communication to Santa Anna, informing the latter that the armistice had termi-nated, and that, consequently, each party had full

FOR SALE, A VALUABLE FARM IN THE
LOWER END OF HANOVER,
Thirteen mules from the City of Richmond.
Will, be offered to the highest bidder on Satukdar,
the 26th day of December next, if fair, if not, the
first fair day thereafter, on the premises, the Tract of
Land called Mulberry Hill, adjoining the lands of Win.
B. Chittenden, Gilson Via and others, on Totopotomoy
Creek. This Tract contains 250 acres; about threequarters of which is cleared, and adapted to the culture of Corn, Wheat and Oats; one quarter of which is
in low grounds. It is laid off in three fields, each of
which will produce one hundred barrels of Corn; and
the Hay crop alone will more than average \$150. The
buildings are a good Dwelling House, with five rooms
and ceilar, Kitchen, Smokehouse, Barn, and all other
necessary buildings; together with is good Orchard of
choice fruit. This place offers inducements rarely to be
met with, being so short a distance from the City of
Richmond, and could be made profitable for marketing;
the soil being remarkably quick. It will be shown to
any one by Mr. Heary C. Richardson, residing on the
premises

Pro-pect of the re-opening of the campaign.—
Major Graham left Monterey on the 16th Nov'r.
Chihuahua.—Col. Doniphan, at the head of the Missouri Regiment, 700 strong, had been dispatched by Gen. Kearney to Chihuahua, which he has occupied, the inhabitants offering no repremises
TRMS OF SALE—One quarter of the purchase money
will be required in cash, and a credit of one, two and
three years will be given for the remaining three-fourths;
the purchaser giving bonds with approved security, and
a Deed of Trust on the premises to secure the credit
payments.
WM. T. H. POLLARD,

EXTENSIVE SALE OF REAL AND PER-

vance several miles from that town, cordially welcoming their arrival, and proffering perfect friendship, stating that the inhabitants had been shamefully neglected by their own Government. One of the best houses in Monclova was offered to Gen. Wool as a residence, and accepted by him, where he established his headquarters. The American forces there number about 2600 men, who seemed to be highly pleased with their new situation, being all in excellent health. Capt. Davis, the bearer of despatches, states that wheat, corn, beef, mutton, and every other necessary for the subsistence of the army, can be procured there at reasonable prices. The corn in Cohuela is the best in quality, and of more abundant yield, than any Capt. D. ever saw; and according to his expellence, the climate and country are truly deligitful. Gen. Wool marched from Presidio de Rid Grande to Monclova, a distance of two hundred and four miles, in eleven marching days—

EXTENSIVE SALE OF REAL AND PER-SONAL ESTATE.

BURSUANT to a deed of trust, executed by George N. Powell to Francis W. Scott, and duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of King William County Court, to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certain debts therein specified, I shall proceed to secure certa

and tobacco.

Also, at the same time and place, and upon the same

CAMARGO.—GENERAL PATTERSON.—General Patterson was still at Camargo, but as the boat, which conveyed the gentlemen bearing despatches to the Government, was descending the Rio Crande, they passed the emissary, dispatched from Vashington to that officer, between Camargo and Natamoras. He will have consequently made a novement before this.

Harness.

Acting as Trustee, I shall convey only such title as is vested in me by the deed above referred to, which is believed to be perfectly good.

George N. Powell, living at Woodbury, will take pleasure in showing these farms to any person wishing to view them.

Dec. 1—c2awtds

VALUABLE.

VALUABLE.

riovement before this.

Tampico,—The steamships Neptone and Sea

AUCTION SALES.

Valuable Pamunkey Farm

FOR SALE.
WITH NEGROES, CROPS, STOCKS, &c. WITH NEGROES, CROPS, STOCKS, &c.

INTENDING to remove permanently (for the benefit of my wife's health, to the estate recently purchased by me of Mr. Ross, in the county of Albemarie, I shall, on MONDAY, the 28th day of December next, at 12 o'clock, M... If fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, sell at public auction, upon the premises, my WOOD-BURY ESTATE, lying on the Famunkey river, in the county of Hanover, three miles below the Court-house, and eighteen from the city of Richmond. The tract contains 850 acres, of which about 400 are Famunkey flat land, the greater portion of which is capable of growing thirty bushels of wheat to the acre. The land is in a good state of improvement, and the crop of wheat for the present year, on one of the shifts, hes produced 1,500 bushels.

ior the present year, or one of the shifts, ass produced 1,500 bushels.

There is a small Dwelling House of four rooms, (lately repaired,) with Stables, Barns, &c., and a sufficient number of comfortable Cabins for double the force required to work the estate. Contiguous to the house, is one of the finest springs of water in lower Virginia.—

The neighborhood is highly intelligent and agreeable.

At the same time and place, I shall sell publicly between fifty and sixty valuable SLAVES, consisting of men, women and children, with such kinds of Stock as I may not wish to remove, and the Crops of Corn, Fodder, etc., etc.

TRUST SALE OF STEAM ENGINE, &c.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust from William S
Richardson to the subscriber, dated on the 9th day
of June, 1846, and duly recorded in the office of the
Clerk of the County Court of Louisa, and for the purposes of the said Trust, I shall proceed on SATURDAY,
the 5th day of December next, if fair, if not, the next
fair day, (Sunday excepted) at the Farm of Anderson
Talley, in the county of Louisa, near the Tavern of
James B. Harris, to sell at public auction, for cash, the
property and interest by the said deed conveyed. This
property and interest are described in the said Deed as
one certain Steam Engine and Fixtures, now on the
land of Anderson Talley, in the county of Louisa; and
all and every his (the said Richardson's) share and interest in the firm and partnership of George W. Fisher
& Co; and in and to all property and contracts, and interests of, and belonging to the said Company, of whatever kind. The subscriber acting as Trustee, will only
convey the title vested in him by that Deed.

GEORGE FISHER,
Nov. 13—ctds

NEGRO SALE.

NEGRO SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the County Court of Lunenhurg, for a division between the heirs-at law of Anderson Bagley, deceased, I shall on MONDAY, the 14th day of December next, at Lunenhurg Court House, it being Court day, proceed to sell to the highest bidder eight or ten likely Negroes, belonging to the Estate of the said A. Ragley, deceased, consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, all young, and very likely; among them a first rate Biacksmith.

Tenus—A credit of twelve months will be given. Purchasers giving bonds with approved security. urchasers giving bonds with approved security.

Nov. 20-c3w R. H. ALLEN, Commissioner.

TRUST SALE OF LAND, AND FIFTY OR SIXTY NEGROES.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to us by Anderson E. Scott. and bearing date the 12th day of of Prime Edward Courny, for certain purposes therein specified, we shall, on TUESDAY, the 15th December next, if fair, if not, on the next fair day, at the residence of the said A. E. Scott, offer for sale the Tract of Land on which the said A. E. Scott at present resides, containing by estimation 1,363] acres, lying on the waters of Bush River and its branches, in a healthy and agreeable neighborhood, being about five miles Southeast from Prince Edward Ceurt-house, and twelve miles from Farmville. Also, one other Tract of Land lying on the waters of Mountain Creek, containing by estimation 125 acres, on which is situated a Water-grist Mill, which is one of the most profitable in this section of country; also, at the same time and place we will self iffly or sixty likely and valuable Negroes, consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls; among them there are two good Blacksmiths and a good Carpenter; also, twenty head of Horses and Mules; about fifty head of Cattle, Stock of Hogs, about fifty in number; and about eighty head of Sheep, Plantation Utensils, Wagons, Carte, Buggey and Haroses; Crop of Corn, supposed to the five or six hundred barrels; Wheat, Outs, Provender and Tobnoce; one Shot Gun; one Threshing Machin; and one set of Blacksmith's Tools.

Persons desirous of purchasing any part of this Estern ville defease are or Mr. A. E. Scott at Farmville. Persons desirous of purchasing any part of this Es-ate, will address us, or Mr. A. E. Scott at Farmville.

tate, will address us, or Mr. A. E. Scott at Farmytte.
Any person wishing to see the land, will make application to Mr. A. E. Scott, who resides on the premises, or to George O. Scott at Farmytte.
The sale will certainly take place on the day appointed. The terms will be cash.
GEORGE O. SCOTT, Trustees.
Farmytile, November 10—cwtds PUBLIC SALE AT SPRING GARDEN.

of \$5 and over, the purchaser giving bond, with approved security, before the property is removed. Under that amount, cash will be required.

Dec. 1—cw3w

LANEY JONES.

BY a decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for New Kent Court, pronounced on the 23d of November, 1846, I shall proceed, on the 24th day of Becember, to sell, on the premises, to the highest hidder, for cash, the Farm of which Samuel Frazer, dedestrois of prichaging we examine the prication to Mr. William Acree, who resides thereon. The title is believed to be good, but I will only convey such as is vested in me as Trustee.

Dec. 1—cw2w*

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN THE COUNTY OF HANOVER.
BY vitue of a decree of the Superior Court of Chaptor, white of a decree of the Superior Court of Chaptor, on the suit of Barker and als., vs. Fletcher and als., vs. Fletcher and als., on the suit of Barker and als., vs. Fletcher and als., on the suit of Barker and als., vs. Fletcher and als., on the suit of Barker and als., on the suit of Barker and als., vs. Fletcher and als., on the suit of Barker and als., vs. Fletcher and als., on the suit of Barker and College and College and American, Barker and American Barker and College

CAROLINE LAND FOR SALE.

DURSUANT to a deed of trust made by the late Mrs.

Sophia P Burke, we, the subscribers will, on the light day of December next, if fair, if not, the next fair day thereafter, on the premises, offer for sale to the highest bidder a tract or parcel of land, lying in the county of Caroline, on the North side of the Mataponi River, just below Burke's Bridge, containing three hundred and seventy (370) acres, more or less.

There is on the premises a good and convenient Dwelling House, with all necessary Outhouses. The land is well enclosed, and adapted to the cultivation of Corn, Wheat and Tobacco. A crop of wheat will be seeded this Fall.

This land is situated in a pleasant and agreeable neighborhood, about ten miles below the Bowling Green, and will be shown to persons desiring to buy by Mr. John Burke, now residing on the premises.

The terms which will be liberal, will be made known on the day of rale. Selling as Trustees, we shall only convey such title as is vested in us, which is believed to be perfectly good.

SAMUEL C. SCOTT WILLIAM G. MAUKY, Oct. 16—cwids

Trustees.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

In obedierce to the last will and testament of George P. Sewill deceased the subscripters will preceded to the contraction. CAROLINE LAND FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE IN MATHEWS COUNTY FOR SALE.

COUNTY FOR SALE.

WILL be sold, publicly, at Mathews Court-house, on MONDAY, the 14th December, 1846, (Court day,) the tract of land known as the GLEBE, the residence of C. D. Tompkins, deceased, containing about 196 acres. This tractiles immediately on the North side of East river, within two miles of Mathews Court-house, and half an hour's sail of the Mobjack Bay. The buildings are new, neat and convenient; and the cleared land (about 80 acres) fresh and recently limed and highly manured. The river is a quarter of a mile wide, and navigable for all kinds of bay craft, and abounds in the finest ovsters and fish of all kinds. The neighborhood

AUCTION SALES.

VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND AND MILL IN THE COUNTY OF AMELIA, AND FORTY EIGHT SLAVES FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, in consequence of protracted ill heaith, and inability to attend with advantage to his agricultural operations, offers for sale the Tract of Land on which he resides, and forny eight Slaves. It is six miles South-west of the Court fleuse, on Buckskin Creek, containing fifteen hundred acres; one hundred and fifty acres of it is flat land, most of which has been well drained; eighty acres of highly improved tobactoolook of the growth of Wheat Clover and Tobaceo. The buildings are in good order, the Dwelling House large and convenient, containing two passages and seven rooms; two Granaries, lee house, and all other out houses necessary for a large Farm; also, a good Apple and Peach Orchard. The Mill is on the Parm; it has a never-failing stream of water, with a canal eight hundred yards long, readering a dam and pond unnecessary; yielding two hundred harrels of toll-corn annually. Attached to the Mill is a Cotton-gia and Cob crusher. Among the Slaves are two valuable Carpenters, and a Blacksmith.

Lam anxious to sell both the Land and the Slaves; but I will not sell the Negroes unless I can effect a sale of the land at the same time. A small payment in cash will be required; for the balance of the purchase VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND AND

out I will not sell the Negroes unless I can effect a sale of the land at the same time. A small payment in cash will be required; for the balance of the purchase money, a long credit if desired will be given, upon the payment of the interest annusity. Any further description of the property is unnecessary, as no person would purchase without first viewing it, and judging for himself.

THOMAS J. PERKINSON.

Nov. 24—cw4w&2amtf

men, women and children, with such kinds of Stock as I may not wish to remove, and the Crops of Corn, Fodder, etc., etc.

TERMS OF SALE.—The land will be sold on a credit of one, two and three years, with interest, to be secured by bond and approved personal security, with a deed of trust on the land. The Slaves for cash, and the Stocks and Crops on a credit of twelve months, (for all sums over \$20.) with bond and security.

Mr. Jones, the Manager of the Estate, will show it to any one desirous of secing it, and give every information wished.

A. STEVENSON.

I am disposed to rent or lease for a term of years the Crump's Neck Estate, adjoining Woodbury and Broad Neck, the residence of Williams Carter, Esquire, containing between six and seven hundred acres, and in the midst of good society. The buildings on the Pamunkey river. There has been weeded this Fall, on this land, between two and three hundred bushels of wheat Terms of lease most liberal to a good agriculturalist and tenant, the object being rather improvement than immediate profit.

The sale will be conducted by Wellington Goddin, to whom reference can be made.

A. S.

Richmond, 17th November, 1846.—ctds

A. Step Y virtue of a Deed of Trust from William S.

Richardson to the subscriber, dated on the 9th day of June, 1846, and duly recorded in the office of the County Court of Louisa, and for the pit of the County Court of the County Court of the conducted ty within one and a half miles of the County Court of the County Court of the conducted ty within one and a half miles of the Sale of the County Court of Louisa, and for the pit of the County Court of the conducted ty within one and a half miles of the Sale of the County Court of the County Court of the conducted ty county Court of the conducted ty within one and a half miles of the sale down of Warrenton, and the land stached of the County Court of the County Cou

and Mill owned by the said Thomas and the said Daniel Turner; the Mill being within one and a half miles of the said town of Warrenton, and the land attached thereto, containing about 3:0 acres, extending to within one mile of the same place. The Mill is well situated to command a good custom, and is on a never-failing stream, and the land is in part well timbered, and se of fair quality.

At the same time and place, the undersigned will sell, under the same deed, eighty valuable Negroes, twenty five Shares of Stock in the Bounds Navigation Company; all the Crop of Corn, Fodder, Tobacco (vars, Wineat and Peas, raised by the said Daniel Turner the present year, all his stock of Horses, Cattle, Hoss and Sheep; all his Plantation Tools; his Carriage. Wagons and Carte; and his Household and Kitchen Furnaue. The safe will be continued from day to day until all is disposed of.

The several tracts of Land and Mill will be sold on a credit of twelve months, with interest from the day of sale; and the Negroes and other property on a credit of six months, with interest from the same time; and it is not doubted, that by an arrangement with the creditors, for whose benefit the said deed was made, a much longer indulgence may be had.

Bond and security will, In every case, be required before the property is removed.

ALFRED ALSTON.

WILLIAM PLUMMER.

WILLIAM PLUMMER.
Warrenton, North Carolina, Nov. 10-cw5w Whig requested to copy. EXTENSIVE AND VALUABLE REAL

EXTENSIVE AND VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND WATER POWER, IN LOWER VIRGINIA, FOR SALE.

By virtue of a decree pronounced by the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, for the county of Southampton, at the November term, 1845, in the case of Orgain, etc., vs. Brydon, etc., the undersigned, Commissioners, will sell, at public auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 15th January, 1847, the Plantation known as "Allen's Quarter," Tate the property of Colonel Willam Allen, decrased, of Surry county, and containing forty four hundred acres.

mises, on raining and managements, and the property of Colonel William Allen, deceased, of Surry county, and containing forty four hundred acres.

The land is situated in the county of Southampton, on Nottoway River, three miles below the Norfolk and Portsmouth Railroad, and twelve mites below Jerusa, lem, extending about seven miles along the river, which is navigable to Monroe, above the Plantation, for vessels drawing ten feet water. It is believed that a larger quantity of valuable oak and pine tumber cannot be found on any navigable water in Virginia. Much of the oak timber being admirably adapted for ship-building and pipe staves; and the pine timber of the largest and best quality. To the ship-builder and timber-getter, this land offers inducements rarely to be met with, as timber can be obtained and transported at a small expense to Norfolk, through the Dismal Swamp Canal, or to any other port, through the Dismal Swamp Canal, or to any other port, through the Pamilico Sound.

On this Estate is a Grist Mill, situated on Bean Creek, possessing a water power not equalled in that section of the country, the supply being constant throughout the year, and sufficient for a Saw Mill and Cotton Factory, in addition to the Grist Mill. There is a Frame Dwelling House containing six rooms; Gin-house, with all other usual out-houses for a large Plantation. Orchard, etc.

The whole Tract will be offered together, and if not so sold, will be divided in lots to suit purchasers.

TEMS:—Enough will be required in cash to pay all the expenses of the sale. For the balance, a credit one, two and three equal annual payments, without interest, will be given, the purchaser or purchasers executing bond with good security, and a lien being retained until the purchase money shall be paid.

THOMAS S. GHOLSON,

WILLIAM W. TOWNES.

Nov. 24—ewtds

RAPPAHANNOCK LAND FOR SALE.

RAPPAHANNOCK LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale either one of two
Tracts of Land situated in Caroline county, on the
Rappahannock river, about nine miles below Fredericksburg, and containing each between 600 and £0
acres. Nearly the whole of the above tracts is cleared,
that land, very productive, of easy cultivation, and care

Prospect Hill, Caroline co., Nov 3—cwill

NoutDern Botanic Medicine Store.

BOTANIC MEDICINES, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the public, that they have, and will continue to keep, a large assortment of Genuine Vegetable Medicines, which they will warrant fresh, and will sell as low as they can be purchased in the State. They will keep wery article of Medicine indigenous to our country, collected to their order. Also, Oile, Extracts, Tinctures, Syrups, &c. Physicians, Druggists, Dealiers, Planters, &c., will be supplied twenty per cent. cheaper than at any other house in Petersburg. Among their stock may be found:—Quinine, Piperine, Cayenne Pepper, Senaga, Serpentarm, Sarsaparilla, (imported and American, Pink Root, Pleurisy Root, pully, Bayberry, Goldensen) puly, Myrrh, Lobelia, Unicora, Baimony, Gentian, Columbo, Ginger, Prickly Ash, Cimicifuga or Black Cohoesi, puly; Bern Root, Wild Cherry Bark, Sculicap, Nervine, Blood Root, puly; Burdock Seed, Cranes Bill, puly; Black Root, Boneset, Dandelten, Fleabane, Mandrake, Poplar Bark, Indian Turnip, puly; Skunk Cabbage, pulv.; Pelpsciesew ay, Clowes, pulv.; Camphor, Ipecac, (imported and American,) Buch Leaves, Jallan, Aloes, Gamboge, Rhubarh, Castor Oil, Baisam Fir, Balsam Copavia, Cubebs, Alcohol, Ammonia, &c.

Also, a large assortment of Druggists' Gioss Ware, daily expected, which will be sold low for cash.

All orders from a distance must be post paid, and directed to KENWORTHY & PRICE,
Bank street, Petersburg, Va.

N. B.—All the Compounds recommended by Thomp son, Reach, Howard, Mattson, Smith, Carter, Cutts, Comfort, or in the Reformed Medical Dispensace, will be kept, or put up to order.

27 The works of the above authors for sale.
Dec. 1—cwäm

received, addressed to Chester C. H., South Candina, Nov. 17—cw4w JAMES C. HICKLIN.

CAUTION.

The public are hereby cautioned and forwarned against trading for a bond executed by me to Coleman Payne, bearing date the 23d day of November, 1846, given on demand for five hundred and forty one dollars. Also, one for one hundred and twenty doilars, and smother for thirty-one dollars—the dates of the two last mentioned notes not recollected. Also, a bill of sale for a negro slave named Grandison—all of which were obtained from me by said oleman Payne.

of the contracts.
For further information, apply to James Couty, of Richmond, or to the subscriber, at Frederickshurg.
Nov. 27—ctDec.16 WELLINGTON GORDON. TIN WARE, STOVES, GRATES, FIRE

TIN WARE, STOVES, GRATES, FIRE PLACES, &c. &c.

THE subscribers would most respectfully call the intention of Country Marchants and others, purchasing Tin Ware, Stoves, Grates and Fire Places, &c., to their general stock, to be found at No. 23. West Main street. They feel assured that they can sell of the above articles, at wholesale or retail, as low as any similar establishment. More particularly would we call the attention of those in want to our assortment of Cooking Stoves. Also, 6 plate, 7 plate, 9 plate, and Coal Stoves, as well as our Fire Places for burning wood, a far more preferable article than the Frankin Stove, and a much safer and enter remedy for smoking chimneys.

Oct. 2—c3m

A TEACHER WANTED

NEW GROCERY STORE.

The subscribers have entered into Co-partnetship, under the firm of HERRING & GARDNER, for the purpose of conducting the Grocery and Commission Fusiness, and have taken the Store formerly occupied by William T. Barret, immediately opposite the Richmond and Prederickshurg Depot, Broad Street. They intend Reeping a general assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES, to which they ask the attention of their friends and the public generally. One of us having been engaged in the business for several years in this city, we hope, by close attention, to merit a share of patronsge. We will pay particular attention to the sale of all kind of produce consigned to us from our country friends.

GEO. J. HERRING,
Oct. 6—c3m

GEO. W. GARDNER.

Miles Ambler, TERMS—One-third eash; balance in equal payments of one and two years.

Nov. 3—cw5w

Of C. D. Tompkins, dec'd.

MACHINE SASH, BLIND, and DOOR MANU-PACTURER, and ELAZIER, on 12th Street, South-East Corner of Capitol Equate, Richmond, Va. Oct. 18—ctf